Shoreline Stabilization: Hard Armoring





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Wildlife Resources



Hard Armor Techniques

- Bulkheads
- Offshore Breakwaters
- Revetments
- Toe Caps
- Groynes
- Stone Framed Deflectors

• Sills, stone gabions, others...

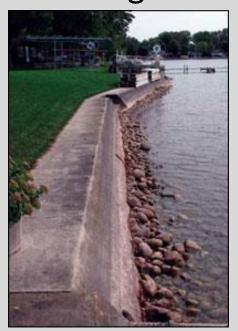
Bulkheads



Bulkheads/Seawalls

<u>Advantages</u>

- Stops erosion
- Long lifespan if installed correctly
- Provides good access



Disadvantages

- Expensive
- Labor intensive
- Little fish habitat value
- Aesthetics??
- Weakens with age



Offshore Breakwaters



Offshore Breakwaters

<u>Advantages</u>

- Disperse wave energy
- Long lifespan
- Good fish/wildlife habitat value

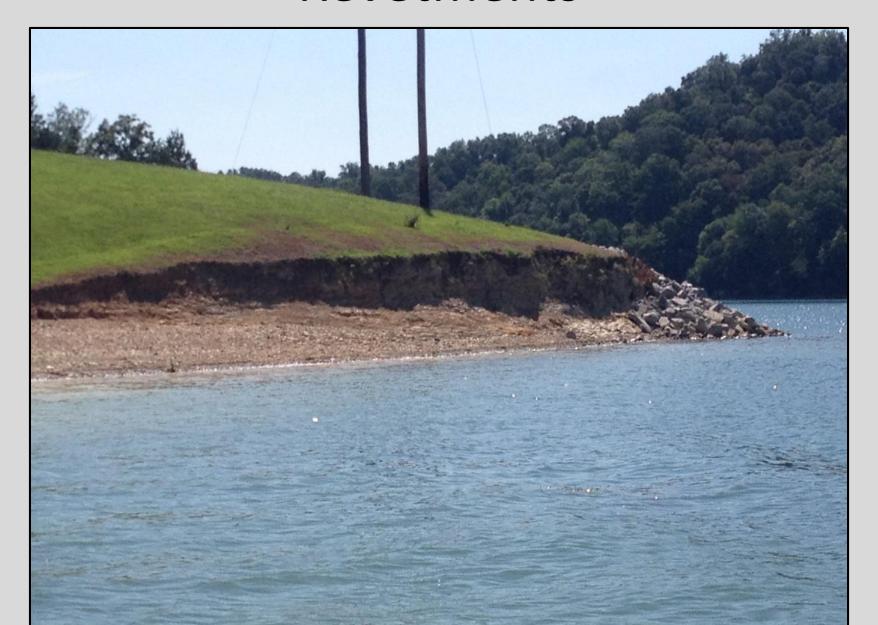
Disadvantages

- Expensive
- Potentially labor intensive
- Slope limited



Offshore Breakwaters





<u>Advantages</u>

- Highly adaptable
- Low tech
- Easily maintained
- Average fish habitat

value

Disadvantages

- Wide footprint
- Potentially expensive
- Access issues
- Aesthetics







Toe Capping



Toe Caps

<u>Advantages</u>

- Fills a specific niche
- Minimally invasive
- Easily constructed
- Long lifespan
- Average fish habitat value
- Aesthetics

<u>Disadvantages</u>

- \Rightarrow \$\$\$ to construct
- Distinct limitations
- Specialized contractors



Longitudinal Peak Stone Toe



Longitudinal Peak Stone Toe



Groynes (jetties)



Groynes (jetties)

<u>Advantages</u>

- Control lateral drift
- Low tech
- Easily maintained
- Good fish habitat value
- Good fishing access

Disadvantages

- Moderate cost
- Potential access issues
- Fill material??
- Aesthetics??



Groynes (jetties)



Geotubes: temporary storage or permanent habitat...



****TENCATE GEOTUBE**

CONTACT



HOME

SOLUTIONS

APPLICATIONS

CASE STUDIES

TECHNICAL INFO

PARTNERS





REVETMENTS



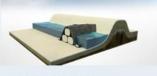
ENVIRONMENTAL DREDGING



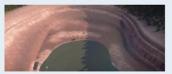
DYKES AND LEVEES



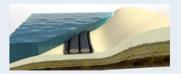
INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER PROCESSING



JETTIES AND GROYNES



MINING AND MINERAL PROCESSING



BREAKWATERS



MUNICIPAL APPLICATIONS



OFFSHORE STRUCTURES



AGRICULTURE





<u>Advantages</u>

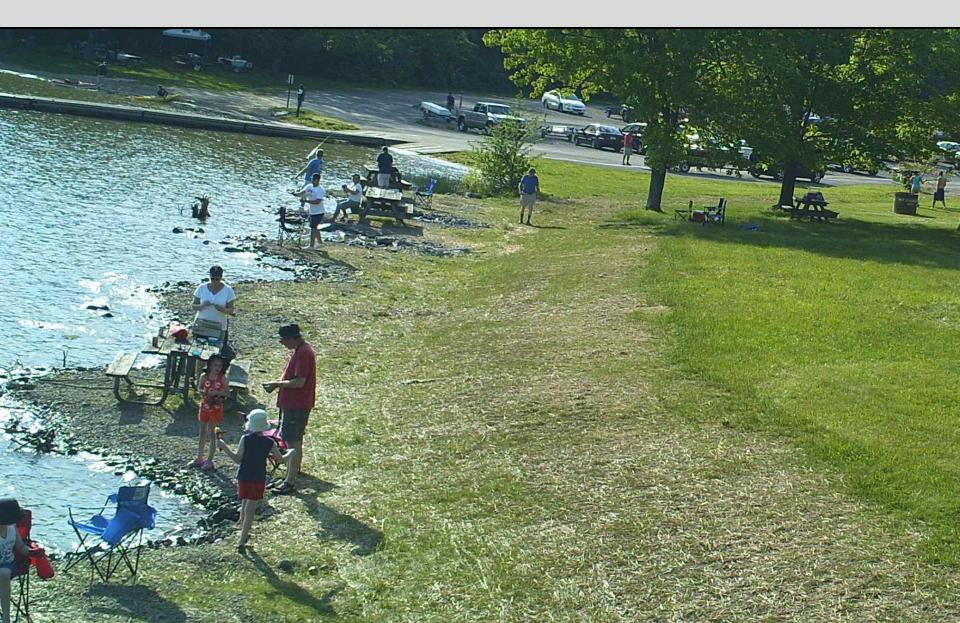
- Slows/stops erosion
- Highly adaptable
- Low tech
- Great fish habitat value
- Good fishing access

<u>Disadvantages</u>

- Moderate/high cost
- Potential access issues
- Requires wider footprint







Biotechnical Approach

- Combines structural materials and plants
- Provides improved erosion control in dynamic environments

<u>Advantages</u>

- Highly adaptable
- Grows stronger with age
- Good fish/wildlife habitat value
- Aesthetics

Disadvantages

- Moderate to high costs
- Extensive planning
- High monitoring and maintenance
- Poor shoreline access

Biotechnical Approaches

- Vegetated geogrids
- Vegetated gabions
- Joint planting
- Geocells
- Cellular block systems
- Concrete block mats

Others...



Where to begin...

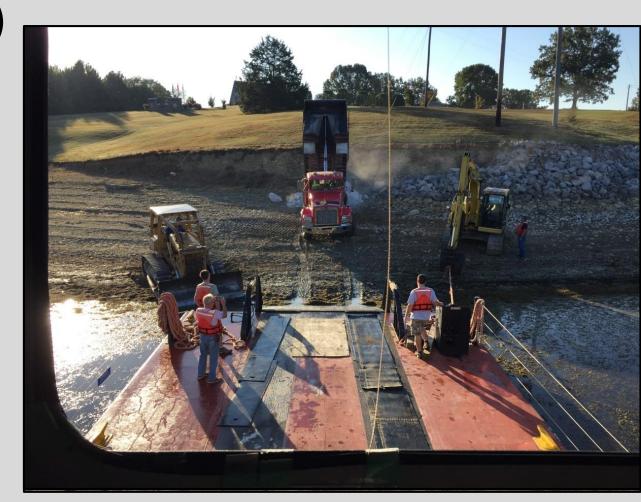
- Determine what is causing the erosion
 - Water level fluctuation, boating, wind, water current, ice heave, etc.
- Determine project goal(s)
- Use existing knowledge/resources to choose a technique(s)
 - Annual water regime, access, erosive force, goals, technical specialists, soils, budget, grant/partnership opportunities, etc.
- Ensure proper installation/follow-up





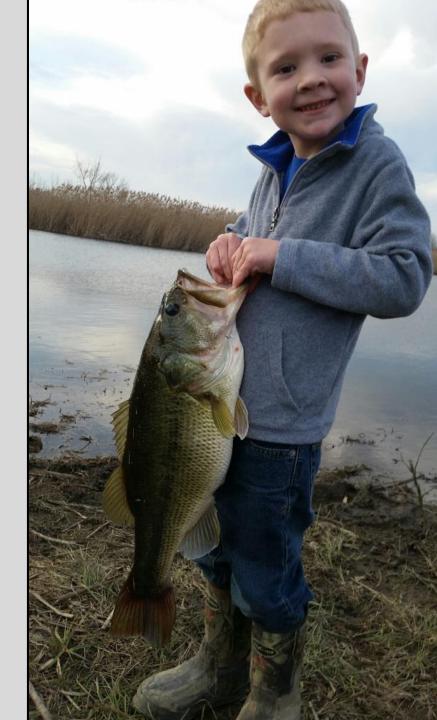
Things to consider

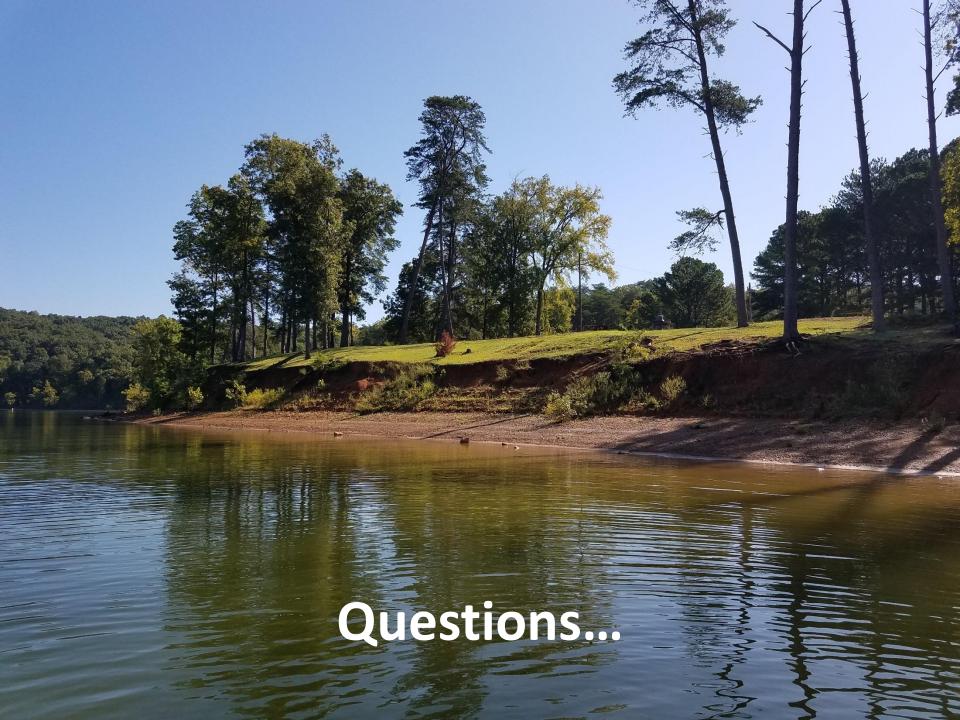
- Root of problem
- Project goal(s)
- Access
- Cost
- Longevity
- Maintenance
- Aesthetics
- Habitat value



Questions

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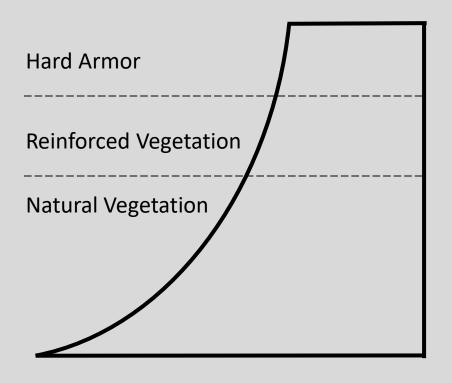


Resources

- Miranda, L.E. 2017. Reservoir fish habitat management.
 Lightning Press, Totowa, New Jersey. 306 pp.
- Guidelines for Streambank Stabilization. Revised 2000.
 Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission.
- Tuttle, R.W. and R.D. Wenberg. 1996. Streambank and Shoreline Protection in USDA NRCS Engineering Field Handbook, Ch. 16. U.S. Department of Agriculture.

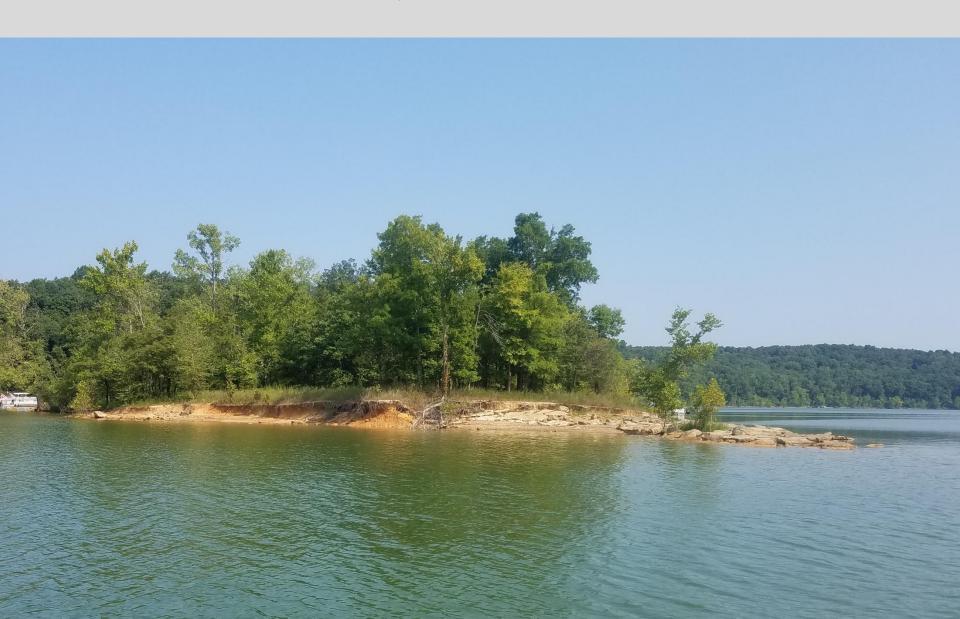






Steeper slopes, higher shear stress and velocities

Questions



Longitudinal Stone Toe

